

# **CARO 2020**

Notified on 25<sup>th</sup> February, 2020

**Applicable from FY 2021-22** 

**CA** Jomon K. George FCA

47

# Overview of the OrderNew Clauses (incl 2 re-introduced)7Modified Clauses7Retained Clauses7Total21

**Sub Clauses** 

# Summary of Changes

### • CARO 2020

Newly Added (Clauses) (7)	Modified (Clauses) (7)	Retained (Clauses) (7)
Transaction Not recorded in Books	Fixed assets	Acceptance of deposits
Ability of Company to meet its Liabilities	Inventory	Maintenance of cost records
CSR - Transfer of Unspent Amount to Fund	Repayment of Loans granted by company	Loans ,Investments, securities & guarantee's - Sec 185 & 186
Statutory Auditor Resignation	Default in repayment of dues	Application of funds raised
CFS : reference to negative remarks in Subsidiary CARO	Reporting of frauds	Related Party Transactions
Internal Audit System (CARO 2003)	Nidhi Company	Non-Cash Transactions
Cash Loss (CARO 2003)	Registration with RBI	Payment of statutory dues

APPLICABLE FROM	APPLICABLE TO	NOT APPLICABLE TO
	_	Banking company
Financial year commencing on or after 1st April, 2021.  Every company including a foreign company as defined in section 2(42)of the Companies Act, 2013.  Government Company  Branches	Every company including a foreign company as defined in section	Insurance company
	2(42)of the Companies Act,2013.	Section 8 company
	One person company	
	Branches	Small company under section 2(85) of Companies Act,2013*
		Private companies(subject to conditions)

**CFS**: Report on negative remarks of Auditors Report (CARO) of Subsidiaries.

<sup>\*</sup>Small Company under the Act shall be exempt even if it falls under any other eligible category.

### **Private Company Non-Applicability**

Not being a subsidiary /holding of a public company



- a. Total borrowings not exceeding Rs. 1 Cr at anytime during the year and
- b. Total revenue as per Schedule III not exceeding Rs. 10 Crs, and

### As At the Balance sheet date

c. Paid up capital and Reserves & Surplus not more than Rs. 1 Cr,

# **Definitions**

• Paid up capital includes Equity and Preference Shares and Shares forfeited, but does not include unpaid calls and share application money.

 Reserves and Surplus includes Capital Reserve and Revenue Reserve including Revaluation Reserve adjusted for debit balance in the P&L Account.

# **Definitions**

• **Borrowings** shall include short-term, long-term, Non-fund based borrowing, bills discounted, term loans, credit cards, borrowing from scheduled banks, Co-operative banks, foreign banks, Financial institutions (including NBFCs).

• **Revenue** is the total revenue disclosed in Schedule III of the Act, including other income and income from discontinuing operations.

# **Internal Audit System (xiv)**

(a) whether the company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business; (Re-introduced from CARO 2003)

New\*

(b) whether the reports of the Internal Auditors for the period under audit were considered by the statutory auditor

# Cash Loss (xvii)

Whether the company has incurred cash losses in the financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year, if so, state the amount of cash losses (Re-introduced from CARO 2003)

# **Unrecorded Income (viii)**

Whether any transactions not recorded in the books of account have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961), if so, whether the previously unrecorded income has been properly recorded in the books of account during the year

# Resignation of Statutory Auditor (xviii)

Whether there has been any resignation of the statutory auditors during the year, if so, whether the auditor has taken into consideration the issues, objections or concerns raised by the outgoing auditors;

### **Document:**

- Concerns raised by the Outgoing Auditor In the Audit Report and otherwise, communication before accepting engagement, discussions and communication with TCWG.
- Include specifically in MRL (LoR) All the material concerns/objections discussed by the outgoing auditor are shared by the Management/BOD/AC.

# Capability of meeting its liabilities (xix)

On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, the auditor's knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, whether the auditor is of the opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date;

### **Action Points**

### Written representation from Management on

- Verify the realisability of Receivables and other financial assets
- Board's documentation of review of Liability position (payable within one year) and payment Plans
- Include specifically that all material events/transactions post balance sheet date but before Report date that could impact the Paying Capacity in the knowledge of the Management/Board has been communicated to the Auditor.

# Transfer of unspent CSR amounts to fund (xx)

(a) whether, in respect of **other than ongoing projects**, the company has transferred unspent amount to a Fund specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act, **within a period of six months** of the expiry of the financial year in compliance with second proviso to sub-section (5) of section 135 of the said Act;

(b) whether any amount remaining unspent under sub-section (5) of section 135 of the Companies Act, pursuant to **any ongoing project**, has been **transferred to special account** in compliance with the provision of sub-section (6) of section 135 of the said Act

# **CARO** remarks of other auditors – CFS (xxi)

Whether there have been any qualifications or adverse remarks by the respective auditors in the CARO reports of the *companies included* in the consolidated financial statements, if yes, indicate the details of the companies and the paragraph numbers of the CARO report containing the qualifications or adverse remarks.

### **Fixed Assets**

(a) (A) whether the company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment;

New\*

(B) whether the company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets;

### **Fixed Assets**

- (b) whether these Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals; whether any material discrepancies were noticed on such verification and if so, whether the same have been properly dealt with in the books of account;
- (c) whether the title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the financial statements are held in the name of the company, if not, provide the details thereof in the format below:

### **Fixed Assets**



(d) whether the company has **revalued** its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year and, if so, whether the revaluation is based on the **valuation by a Registered Valuer**; specify the amount of change, if **change is 10% or more in the aggregate** of the net carrying value of each class of Property, Plant and Equipment or intangible assets



(e) whether any **proceedings** have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the **Benami Transactions** (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder, if so, whether the company has appropriately disclosed the details in its financial statements

# **Inventory (ii)**

(a) whether physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management and whether, in the opinion of the auditor, the coverage and procedure of such verification by the management is appropriate; whether any discrepancies of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventory were noticed and if so, whether they have been properly dealt with in the books of account;

# **Inventory (ii)**

(b) whether during any point of time of the year, the company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets; whether the quarterly returns or statements filed by the company with such banks or financial institutions are in agreement with the books of account of the Company, if not, give details;

### Repayment of Loans granted by company

New\*

Whether during the year the company has made investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. If so,

# Repayment of Loans granted by company

- (a) whether during the year the company has provided loans or provided advances in the nature of loans, or stood guarantee, or provided security to any other entity [not applicable to companies whose principal business is to give loans], if so, indicate-
- (A) the aggregate amount during the year, and balance outstanding at the balance sheet date with respect to such loans or advances and guarantees or security to subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates.
- (B) the aggregate amount during the year, and balance outstanding at the balance sheet date with respect to such loans or advances and guarantees or security to parties other than subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates.

# Repayment of Loans granted by company

- (b) whether the investments made, guarantees provided, security given and the terms and conditions of the grant of all loans and advances in the nature of loans and guarantees provided are not prejudicial to the company's interest;
- (c) in respect of loans and advances in the nature of loans, whether the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and whether the repayments or receipts are regular;
- (d) if the amount is overdue, state the total amount overdue for more than ninety days, and whether reasonable steps have been taken by the company for recovery of the principal and interest;

# Clause on Repayment of Loans granted by company

2013

New\*

(e) whether any loan or advance in the nature of loan granted which has fallen due during the year, has been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdues of existing loans given to the same parties, if so, specify the aggregate amount of such dues renewed or extended or settled by fresh loans and the percentage of the aggregate to the total loans or advances in the nature of loans granted during the year [not applicable to companies whose principal business is to give loans]

New\*

(f) whether the company has granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment, if so, specify the aggregate amount, percentage thereof to the total loans granted, aggregate amount of loans granted to Promoters, related parties as defined in clause (76) of section 2 of the Companies Act,

# Past due reporting

If the amount is overdue, state the total amount overdue for more than 90 days, and whether reasonable steps have been taken by the company for recovery of the principal and interest.

- verify repayments compliance with agreement
- disclose the aggregate of the total amount of overdue for more than 90 days in respect of loans granted to such parties
- reasonable steps taken by the company
  - consider the facts and circumstances of each case, including the amounts involved
  - not necessary that steps to be taken must necessarily be legal steps
  - ask the management to give in writing, the steps which have been taken

# Default in repayment of dues (ix)

- (a) whether the company has defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender, if yes, the period and the amount of default to be reported as per the format below: (table specified).
- (b) Whether the company is a declared **wilful defaulter** by any bank or financial institution or other lender?

New\*

- (c) Whether term loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained; if not, the amount of loan so diverted and the purpose for which it is used may be reported. (reintroduced)
- (d) whether funds raised on short term basis have been utilised for long term purposes? If yes, the nature and amount to be indicated. (re-introduced)

# Default in repayment of dues (ix)

(e) whether the Company has taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or **to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries**, **associates or joint ventures?** If so, details thereof with nature of such transactions and the amount in each case

(f) whether the company has raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies, if so, give details thereof and also report if the company has defaulted in repayment of such loans raised;

New<sup>\*</sup>

New\*

# Reporting of frauds (xi)

(a) whether any fraud by the company or any fraud on the company has been noticed or reported during the year, if yes, the nature and the amount involved is to be indicated

New<sup>\*</sup>

(b) whether any report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors)

Rules, 2014 with the Central Government;

(c) whether the auditor has considered **whistle-blower complaints**, if any, received during the year by the company

## Some relevant aspects

- Auditor to report on frauds noticed or reported during the year
- Auditor to consider whether frauds reported under sec 143(12) to the CG also to be reported here- only noticed frauds and not suspected frauds
- Fraud committed during the year and rectified during the year also to be reported
- Fraud committed by third parties / vendors on the company need NOT be reported if there is no involvement of officers or employees of the company
- GN provides that materiality of fraud to be considered while reporting

# Nidhi Company (xii)

- (a) whether the Nidhi Company has complied with the Net Owned Funds to Deposits in the ratio of 1:20 to meet out the liability
- (b) whether the Nidhi Company is maintaining ten per cent. unencumbered term deposits as specified in the Nidhi Rules, 2014 to meet out the liability

(c) whether there has been any **default in payment of interest on deposits or repayment** thereof for any period and if so, the details thereof;

New\*

# **Registration with RBI**

(a) whether the company is required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and if so, whether the registration has been obtained.

New\*

(b) whether the company has conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

© Whether the company is a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India, if so, whether it continues to fulfil the criteria of a CIC, and in case the company is an exempted or unregistered CIC, whether it continues to fulfil such criteria;

New<sup>3</sup>

(d) whether the Group has more than one CIC as part of the Group, if yes, indicate the number of CICs which are part of the Group;

### **RBI Directives**

- NBFC/ HF need to obtain the certificate of registration.
  - If Registration is not obtained, the reasons should be sought from the management and documented
  - Report existence or absence of registration as the case may be
- Examine the transactions of the company with relation to the activities covered under the RBI Act and directions related to the Non-Banking Finance companies
- Examine FS to ascertain whether:
  - Company's financial assets constitute more than 50 per cent of the total assets and income from financial assets constitute more than 50 per cent of the gross income.
  - company has net owned funds as required for the registration as NBFC

# Amendments in Rule 11 of Companies (A&A) Rules 2014

Whether the management has represented that NO FUNDS other than
what is disclosed in the FS, have been advanced/received to/by the
company with an understanding that, such amount be lent/invested on
behalf of the funding party to/in any person (Ultimate Beneficiaries)

• That there is nothing that has caused him to believe that the representations are mis-stated.

# Amendments in Rule 11 of Companies (A&A) Rules 2014

Whether the dividend declared/paid during the year is in accordance with Sections 123 of The Act.



### **Jomon**